Georgia insight

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"She hath done what she could."

Mark 14:8a

"... and having done all ... stand."

Ephesians 6:13c

Georgia: Summary of Testimony from December 3, 2020 Hearing

Standing Senate Judiciary Committee Election Law Study Subcommittee Report By Honorable William T. Ligon, Chairman, December 17, 2020,

Six Georgia senators released a 15-page report of their December 3, 2020 hearing about irregularities in Georgia's November General Election. They studied election law, the recount and audit processes, investigations, litigation, and issues related to the January 5, 2021 runoffs.

Subcommittee Findings

- 1. The November 3, 2020 election was chaotic and the results cannot be trusted.
- 2. The Secretary of State (SOS) and the State Elections Board (SEB) failed to enforce the law as written in the Georgia Code, and furthermore, created policies that contravened State law. As Senator Matt Brass concluded in the December 3 hearing, "We have heard evidence that State law was not followed time after time after time."
- 3. The SOS failed to have a transparent process for the verification of signatures for absentee ballots, for the counting of votes during the subsequent recount and audit, and for providing the type of guidance and enforcement necessary to ensure that monitors and other observers had meaningful access to the process.
- 4. The SOS instituted an unconstitutional gag order so that monitors were told not to use photography or video recording devices during the recount.
- 5. Election officials at all levels failed to secure test ballots and actual ballots. Many reports indicate that proper procedures were not followed, and there was systematic failure to maintain appropriate records of the chain of custody for these ballots, both prior to and after voting and throughout the recount.
- 6. The SOS and Election Supervisors failed to stop hostile behavior of workers toward citizen volunteer monitors during the recount process.
- 7. The events at the State Farm Arena are particularly disturbing because they demonstrated intent on the part of election workers to exclude the public from viewing the counting of ballots, an intentional disregard for the law. The number of votes that could have been counted in that length of time was sufficient to change the results of the presidential election and the senatorial contests. Furthermore, there appears to be coordinated illegal activities by election workers themselves who purposely placed fraudulent ballots into the final election totals.
- 8. Grants from private sources provided financial incentives to county officials and exerted influence over the election process.
- 9. Oral testimonies of witnesses on December 3, 2020, and subsequently, written testimonies submitted by many others, provide ample evidence that the 2020 Georgia General Election was so compromised by systemic irregularities and voter fraud that it should not be certified.

² The Senate Governmental Affairs Committee and the House Governmental Oversight Committee

Senators William Ligon, Chairman, John Kennedy, Bill Heath, Blake Tillery, Michael Rhett and Elena Parent

Fulton County Fires 2 Poll Workers Reporting Irregularities

■ **Bridget Thorne.** After nine years of experience as a poll worker/precinct manager in Fulton County, Bridget Thorne reported being "stunned" when she saw a stack of test ballots printed on the same type of paper (official Rolland Voting paper), but were not marked as "test ballots" or destroyed. The stack she saw was almost eight inches tall.

On October 30, when early voting finished at State Farm Arena in Fulton County, she observed 40-50 scanners being brought into the arena and tens of thousands of ballots being scanned in by random people pulling ballots from random places. When she left that night she saw unsecured suitcases of ballots next to the scanners. The next morning the suitcases were piled in an unrestricted corner, where they could have been opened and resealed by anyone.

The following night she observed a Dominion employee and an Election Group Consultant printing "test ballots" but doing so incorrectly. That's when she realized that "anyone in the warehouse had access to printing real ballots."

Before Election Day, Thorne tried to report those concerns to the SOS office and the SBE, but received no response. Since giving her testimony to the Senate Subcommittee, *Bridget Thorne has been fired* by a consultant working for Fulton County.

• Susan Voyles. At State Farm Arena at the end of the recount day, November 14, Susan Voyles of Sandy Springs observed pallets of ballots remaining to be counted beginning the following day. When she arrived the next morning, November 15, those pallets were gone. Also on November 14, Voyles reviewed a stack of 110 (ballots are normally placed in stacks of 100) absentee ballots and noticed they were "pristine," had not been folded, did not appear worn by handling, and were "bubbled in" with exactly the same marking and a small crescent of white in the bubble. It appeared as though one ballot had been marked and then reproduced over 100 times. Only two of those ballots were marked for President Trump.

On November 15, Voyles and her poll partner, with whom she traveled to State Farm Arena that day, were given only 60 ballots to review although other tables had thousands. Voyles, her poll partner, and other Republican monitors, were told at 10 a.m. there was nothing else for them to do, so they should leave. Since giving her testimony to the Senate subcommittee, Susan Voyles has been *fired from her position as a poll manager* by a consultant working for Fulton County.

Ballots Counted from Ineligible Voters

Mark Davis analyzed U.S. Postal Service change-of-address (COA) forms and discovered that 14,980 out-of-state movers still voted in the Georgia General Election. Another 40,279 moved across county lines more than 30 days prior to the election, yet still voted in their former county precincts, a violation of Georgia law. He also noted that about 1,000 voters had voted twice in the Primary, inferring that the same pattern could have existed in the General Election.

Dr. John C. Eastman, a Fellow with the Claremont Institute, cited 66,000 votes from underage individuals and 2,500 felons. Then, he said "intermingling of legal and illegal ballots" also meant that the election cannot legally be certified. However, he believes the "biggest" illegality was the March 2020 Democrats/SOS agreement that altered the signature verification process.

Russell J. Ramsland, Jr., cybersecurity expert from Texas, identified over 96,000 votes that were counted, but the counties had no record that those ballots had been received.

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Congress, by Voice Vote, Passed Guidelines for Handling Electoral Votes Jan. 6th The following passed Congress January 3, 2021 by voice vote in the U.S. House of Representatives and the U.S. Senate. Vice-President Pence, as President of the Senate, will open the documents. Senator Ted Cruz will lead a group of Senators to "reject electors from swing states ... and call for a commission to investigate claims of fraud." Representatives plan similar action in the U.S. House. Guidelines below will govern the process, but do not mention the planned objections.

Engrossed in Senate (01/03/2021)

[Congressional Bills 117th Congress]
[From the U.S. Government Publishing Office]
[S. Con. Res. 1 Engrossed in Senate (ES)]

<DOC>
117th CONGRESS
 1st Session
S. CON. RES. 1

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the two Houses of Congress shall meet in the Hall of the House of Representatives on Wednesday, the 6th day of January 2021, at 1 0'clock post meridian, pursuant to the requirements of the Constitution and laws relating to the election of President and Vice President of the United States, and the President of the Senate shall be their Presiding Officer; that two tellers shall be previously appointed by the President of the Senate on the part of the Senate and two by the Speaker on the part of the House of Representatives, to whom shall be handed, as they are opened by the President of the Senate, all the certificates and papers purporting to be certificates of the electoral votes, which certificates and papers shall be opened, presented, and acted upon in the alphabetical order of the States, beginning with the letter ``A''; and said tellers, having then read the same in the presence and hearing of the two Houses, shall make a list of the votes as they shall appear from said certificates; and the votes having been ascertained and counted in the manner and according to the rules by law provided, the result of the same shall be delivered to the President of the Senate, who shall thereupon announce the state of the vote, which announcement shall be deemed a sufficient declaration of the persons, if any, elected President and Vice President of the United States, and together with a list of the votes, be entered on the Journals of the two Houses.

Passed the Senate January 3, 2021.

Attest:

Secretary. S. CON. RES. 1

117th CONGRESS 1st Session

Article Titles (In Bold Print) Describe Current Action

"The fraud was so massive and so blatant, despite what the mainstream media said, that we need to get this information out to the public. That's why more and more people from the intelligence community and law enforcement are coming out, which is unheard of."

- Robert Caron, Intelligence Community Network Co-founder

"More Than 400 Ex-intelligence Officers to Investigate Election Irregularities," is the title of Terri Wu's January 3, 2021 article about a network of the Intelligence Community (IC) and its concern about irregularities in the November 3rd election. IC membership is comprised of former intelligence officers, analysts, operatives, military, law enforcement, and judiciary from the FBI, CIA, Military Intelligence, Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA), and National Security Agency (NSA), among others, as well as many former intelligence officers in other countries. Each joined the network after observing obvious election fraud.

"Meadows: Over 100 House Members Plan to Object to Electoral Votes" by Zachary Stieber, January 3, 2021 reported: White House Chief of Staff Mark Meadows said that, in the joint session of Congress on January 6^{th} , several senators, and many U.S. representatives will, in the House and Senate, object to electoral votes from states whose certifications are in question.

"EXCLUSIVE: Fraudulent Georgia Ballots Were Addressed to Elections Consultant Dwight Brower – The Same Guy Who Reported the Fake Water Main Break and Then Terminated Election Whistleblower," was authored by Joe Hoft January 1, 2021. The shipment weighing 1,334 lbs., SKID # 02-<u>OF</u> 17, *from* Runbeck Election Services, 2800 S. 36th St., Phoenix, AZ 85034 *was sent to* Fulton County Dept. of Voter Registration & Election, Attn. Dwight Brower, at 1365 English St., N.W., Atlanta, GA 30318. The fired Fulton County poll manager/whistleblower, who alleged improper ballot processing, was interviewed by *Fox News*.

"6-Person Team Briefed Hundreds of State Senators on Election Irregularities," by Ivan Pentchoukov and Zachary Stieber, January 3, 2021, identified President Trump's attorney Rudy Giuliani and White House Office of Trade and Manufacturing Policy Director Peter Navarro as members of that team. President Trump, Navarro and Giuliana briefed the Zoom meeting that totaled more than 300 legislators from Arizona, Georgia, Michigan, Nevada, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin. Their subject: alleged voter, ballot, and election fraud.

"Peter Navarro Issues Report on Voting Irregularities: 'The Emperor, in the Election, Has No Clothes," a December 18, 2020 article by Tom Ozimek, quoted Mr. Navarro: "If these election irregularities are not fully investigated prior to Inauguration Day and thereby effectively allowed to stand, this nation runs the very real risk of never being able to have a fair presidential election againThe last thing this country needs is an Inauguration Day where we have what is perceived to be an illegal and illegitimate president of the United States."

Navarro classifies outright voter fraud as (a) large-scale manufacture of fake ballots, (b) bribery, (c) ballots cast in the names of dead voters, (d) ineligible voters, such as felons and illegal aliens, (d) ballots counted multiple times and (e) ballots cast by illegal, out-of-state voters.

Multifaceted problems in five out of six battleground states include no voter identity checks, signature match check abuses, "naked ballots" that lack an outer envelope, and broken chain-of-custody records.

Georgia Insight is a conservative publication financed entirely by its recipients.